

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier identification

Imperity Professional Milano Kft.
Balatoni Str. 2/a. B/1., 1112 Budapest, Hungary
Tel./fax: 06703114806

Responsible for MSDS:

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Emergency telephone number in Hungary

Emergency telephone (07-15.20 h): +36 34304414 (CET) on workdays

Health Toxicological Information Service

(ETTSZ H-1096 Budapest, Nagyvárad tér 2.)

Tel.: +36 1 476 6464, or +36 80 201 199

Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: **707863**

Product name IMPLEX Bond Sustainer (Phase 3) Thin Hair 200ml IP

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

 Identified Uses
 Industrial
 Professional
 Consumer

 Cosmetic Professiona Use

 Cosmetic no professional Use

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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National Health Toxicological Information Service:

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

category 3

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:

<u>I</u>

Signal words: --

Hazard statements:

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains:

Miscela di: 5-cloro-2-metil-2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]; 2-metil-2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

2.3. Other hazards.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification.	Conc. %.	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).
ALKYL ESTER AMMONIUM		(0=:):
CAS. 65059-61-2	0,25 - 1	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410
EC. 274-860-2		, 4
INDEX		
Behentrimonium chloride		
CAS. 68607-24-9	0,1 - 1	STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1
EC. 271-756-9		·
INDEX		
Reg. no. 01-2119484817-22-0001		
Stearamidopropyl Dimethylamine		
CAS. 7651-02-7	0,1 - 1	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1
EC. 231-609-1		
INDEX		
ALKYL ESTER DIAMMONIUM		
CAS. 70773-61-4	0,1 - 0,25	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410

EC. 274-860-2

INDEX. -

Miscela di: 5-cloro-2-metil-2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]; 2-metil-2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

CAS. 55965-84-9

0 - 0,0015

Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10

EC. -

INDEX. 613-167-00-5

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aidmeasures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safehandling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the

product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including anyincompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Information not available.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemicalproperties.

Appearance fluid Colour white Odour characteristic Odour threshold. Not available. pH. 3.8 - 4.2 Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. Not available. Boiling range. Not available. Not available. Flash point. Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Not available. Lower inflammability limit. Upper inflammability limit. Not available. Lower explosive limit. Not available. Upper explosive limit. Not available. Vapour pressure. Not available. Vapour density Not available. Relative density. 0,987 Kg/l

Solubility partially soluble in water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature.

Decomposition temperature.

Viscosity

Explosive properties

Oxidising properties

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

9.2. Other information.

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) : 0,49 % - 4,82 g/litre. VOC (volatile carbon) : 0,11 % - 1,05 g/litre.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

Information not available.

10.6. Hazardous decompositionproducts.

Information not available.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

This product contains sensitizing substance/s and may cause allergic reactions.

Miscela di: 5-cloro-2-metil-2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]; 2-metil-2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) LD50 (Oral).> 457 mg/kg rat LD50 (Dermal).> 660 mg/kg rabbit

Behentrimonium chloride LD50 (Oral).3190 mg/kg OECD 401

Stearamidopropyl Dimethylamine LD50 (Oral).> 5000 mg/kg rat

Cyclopentasiloxane LD50 (Oral).> 5000 mg/kg LD50 (Dermal).> 2000 mg/kg LC50 (Inhalation).8,67 mg/l 4h aerosol

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment. Impedire la penetrazione nel terreno, nelle acque di superficie e nelle fognature. Il prodotto è considerato essere un inquinante dell'acqua. (Legislazione Tedesca)

12.1. Toxicity.

Miscuglio di 5-cloro-2-metil-

2H isotiaziolo-3-one (CAS 26172-55-4) e di 2-metil-2Hisotiazolo-3-one (CAS 2682-20-4)

Tossicità per i batteri : CE50: 1.800 mg/l, OECD 209

Miscela di: 5-cloro-2-metil-2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]; 2-metil-2Hisotiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

LC50 - for Fish. 0,28 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea. 0,16 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic 0,018 mg/l/72h

Plants.

Behentrimonium chloride		
LC50 - for Fish.	0,5 mg/l/96h	
EC50 - for Crustacea.	1,4 mg/l/48h	
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic	3,4 mg/l/72h	
Plants.		
Stearamidopropyl		
Dimethylamine		
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants.	0,34 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus subspicatus	
i idito.		
12.2. Persistence and degradabilit	ty.	
Miscela di: 5-cloro-2-metil- 2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no.		
247-500-7]; 2-metil-2H-		
isotiazol-3-one [EC no. 220- 239-6] (3:1)		
Rapidly biodegradable.		
Behentrimonium chloride		
Rapidly biodegradable.		
Stearamidopropyl		
Dimethylamine		
Rapidly biodegradable.		
Cyclopentasiloxane		
NOT rapidly biodegradable.		
. , ,		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.		
Missals die E slare 2 matil		
Miscela di: 5-cloro-2-metil- 2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no.		
247-500-7]; 2-metil-2H- isotiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-		
239-6] (3:1)		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water.	> 0,401	
octano, water.		
12.4. Mobility in soil.		
Information not available.		
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB ass	sessment.	

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.	
12.6. Other adverse effects.	
Information not available.	
SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.	
13.1. Waste treatment methods.	
Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste. Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regucentaminated PACKAGING Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations	
SECTION 14. Transport information.	
14.1. UN number.	
Not applicable.	
14.2. UN proper shipping name.	
Not applicable.	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es).	
Not applicable.	
14.4. Packing group.	
Not applicable.	
14.5. Environmental hazards.	
Not applicable.	
14.6. Special precautions for user.	

Not applicable.				
14.7. Transport in bulk according	ng to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code.			
Information not relevant.				
SECTION 15. Regulate	ory information.			
15.1. Safety, health and enviro	onmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.			
Seveso category.	Cosmetic product, not relevant			
Restrictions relating to the produc	et or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/20	2006.		
Product. Point.	3			
Substances in Candidate List (Art	<u>. 59 REACH)</u> .			
None.				
Substances subject to authorisario	on (Annex XIV REACH).			
None.				
Substances subject to exportation	n reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:			
None.				
Substances subject to the Rotterd	lam Convention:			
None.				
Substances subject to the Stockho	olm Convention:			
None.				
Healthcare controls.				
Information not available.				
15.2. Chemical safetyassessment.				
No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.				
SECTION 16. Other information.				

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity, category 3

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Skin sensitization, category 1

Skin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion, category 1BEye Dam. 1Serious eye damage, category 1Skin Irrit. 2Skin irritation, category 2

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

Skin Sens. 1

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- · GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- · PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY 1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament	
2. Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament	
4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament	
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament	
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament	
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament - The Merck Index 10th Edition	
- Handling Chemical Safety - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)	
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition	
- ECHA website Note for users:	
The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.	s must verify the suitability and
This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property. The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, compl	y with the current health and safetv
laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.	,
3	